Multiple Choice 選擇題 100 %

Identify the letter of the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.

1. Which could be an effect of caffeine?
   a. feeling sleepy
   b. feeling wide awake or even nervous
   c. feeling hungry
   d. wanting to read

2. If Jane has an addiction, it means that she ________.
   a. doesn’t like doing something
   b. is unable to stop doing something
   c. likes to use mathematics
   d. has a very loud voice

3. Which person would be in charge of cultivation?
   a. the head of a cult or club
   b. a taxi driver
   c. a teacher
   d. a farmer or gardener

4. Currency is something you use to ________.
   a. determine which way the tide is going
   b. pay with
   c. spice up your rice
   d. do your homework

5. Which person really needs to be courageous to do his or her job?
   a. a store clerk
   b. a professional dancer
   c. a firefighter
   d. a librarian

6. If you want to consume a sandwich, it means you want to ________.
   a. eat it
   b. make soup with it
   c. keep it in a particular place
   d. sell it to someone

7. This building was originally a firehouse. This means the building ________.
   a. is currently used as a firehouse
   b. will be used as a firehouse
   c. was first used as a firehouse
   d. is not different or unusual
8. Which of the following is an example of *majority*?
   a. one out of three
   b. three out of six
   c. seven out of eight
   d. five out of twelve

9. If someone is good at telling *fiction*, it means he or she is good at ____________.
   a. telling stories
   b. reciting poetry
   c. telling about events as they really occurred
   d. talking about the news

10. Which of the following best explains *ingredient*?
    a. a particular medical condition
    b. a continuing rise in prices
    c. an element in a mixture
    d. an attempt to solve a problem

11. Which of the following people uses *evidence* at work?
    a. a bus driver
    b. a detective
    c. a bank teller
    d. a signer

12. Which is an example of something that is *old-fashioned*?
    a. a palm pilot
    b. a cell phone
    c. a record player
    d. a DVD player

13. Which is something that would *contribute* to better health?
    a. eating a lot of fatty foods
    b. smoking
    c. exercising every day
    d. drinking a lot of soda

14. If John says *on the other hand*, it means that she is about to say ____________.
    a. information about her hands
    b. information that is different from what she has just said
    c. something about being firm
    d. the same thing over and over again

15. If someone says, I see you in *cyberspace*? He or she means ____________.
    a. I meet you on the moon.
    b. I will be in your daydreams.
    c. I will be your robot.
    d. I will be in touch with you through the Internet.

16. Which is an example of a *risk*?
    a. riding a motorcycle in the mountains at night
    b. reading a scary book
    c. eating ripe bananas
    d. talking on the telephone
17. If something will **stimulate** the flow of blood, what exactly will it do?
   a. stop the blood flow
   b. slow the blood flow down
   c. cover the blood with flow
   d. make the blood flow

18. Which might you use **chemicals** for?
   a. studying
   b. driving
   c. cleaning
   d. talking

19. If Peggy is behind in her **correspondence**, it means that she ____________.
   a. has to prepare for exams
   b. needs to start running again
   c. has a lot of letters to write
   d. needs to think about a lot of things

20. When is **informal** speech not usually used?
   a. when speaking with friends
   b. while talking to young children
   c. when talking with classmates
   d. while making a professional presentation

21. Which is an example of a **disbelief**?
   a. a feeling that something is not true or doesn’t exist
   b. when someone insults you
   c. a feeling that everything won’t work out well
   d. when you are interrupted by other people

22. Which means the same as **fulfill**?
   a. to fill something up
   b. to not finish something
   c. to do something half way
   d. to complete something

23. Which is an example of someone with **talent**?
   a. a person who has a deadly disease
   b. a person who know how to play several musical instruments
   c. a person who likes to talk without stopping
   d. a person with great taste in clothes

24. What could cause food **poisoning**?
   a. eating too much of one thing
   b. eating contaminated or spoiled food
   c. spending too much money on food
   d. not eating enough food

25. If you are interested in working in **gerontology**, it probably because you enjoy ____________.
   a. genetic research
   b. management
   c. working with elderly people
   d. working with young children
26. Which person is most likely to be resilient?
   a. someone who is very shy
   b. someone who speaks many languages
   c. someone who lives in a cold climate
   d. someone who is in good health, and who takes care of him or herself

27. Which of the following requires the most endurance?
   a. bicycling for several hours a day, for several days
   b. cooking dinner for four people
   c. studying for a biology exam
   d. brushing your teeth

28. If you are a chess buff, you
   a. are very knowledgeable about chess
   b. hope to be a good chess player
   c. are someone who once played chess
   d. do not like chess at all

29. What is an example of genre?
   a. rock and roll
   b. how loud the music is
   c. the rhythm of a particular music
   d. percussion

30. If you emigrate from one country to another, it means you are
   a. going on a tour
   b. moving
   c. studying geography
   d. comparing countries

31. Which best explains racism?
   a. a running competition
   b. the belief that one race is better than another
   c. an illness of the respiratory system
   d. the quality of being shiny

32. Which is an example of a strong-willed person?
   a. a follower
   b. an independent thinker
   c. someone who is indecisive
   d. someone who is quiet confused

33. Which is another way of saying hang out?
   a. put all your clothes on a line
   b. put something on the wall
   c. spend time relaxing somewhere
   d. hold something up

34. If you are stressed out, which is a good thing to do?
   a. relax
   b. think about the things you are worried about
   c. start taking on some new responsibilities
   d. take some classes
35. When we talk about how to *tackle* a problem, we are talking about how to ________.
   a. pass it along to someone else
   b. deal with it
   c. make it go away
   d. leave it alone

36. Which is an example of a *chore*?
   a. a piece of cloth
   b. a sudden light
   c. an apartment
   d. cleaning the kitchen

37. What is an example of something that is *appealing*?
   a. bad-tasting food
   b. delicious food
   c. a lot of food
   d. old food

38. A *diverse* collection of music contains ________.
   a. classical music
   b. popular music
   c. many CDs of piano music
   d. many different kinds of music

39. If someone made a lot of money from a greatest *hit*, this person is ________.
   a. a boxer
   b. a painter
   c. an English language teacher
   d. a musician

40. When someone talks about the *tempo* in music, what is he or she referring to?
   a. the words of the song
   b. where the music comes from
   c. the tone of the singer
   d. the rhythm

41. If someone *took over* something, it means he or she ________.
   a. brought it over to someone
   b. discarded it
   c. got control of it
   d. drank it

42. If you ask someone to *accompany* you, you are asking that person to ________.
   a. leave you alone
   b. go with you
   c. stop looking at you
   d. take you by the arm

43. Which is an example of a *right*?
   a. toast with jelly
   b. voting
   c. keeping a journal
   d. mowing your lawn
44. Which means the opposite of *initially*?
   a. finally
   b. originally
   c. in the middle
   d. at first

45. Which sentence expresses an *expectation*?
   a. This movie is horrible.
   b. That movie was fabulous.
   c. I hope this is a good movie.
   d. I love movies.

46. If you *look back on* something, you are ____________.
   a. remembering it
   b. regretting it
   c. turning around
   d. forgetting about it

47. If you have a *daydream* about something, it means ____________.
   a. you are asleep
   b. you are having nice, imaginary thoughts about it
   c. you don’t want to think about it
   d. you are trying to make something happen during the day

48. Which would most likely be a *requirement* for a job?
   a. great organizational skills
   b. sloppy dressing
   c. inappropriate behavior
   d. poor interpersonal skills

49. Which is an example of a price that is *drastically* changed?
   a. from $6.50 to $7.50
   b. from $6.50 to $650
   c. from $6.50 to $10.50
   d. from $6.50 to $6.55

50. Which is an example of being *stuck*?
   a. having a great and flexible job
   b. winning the lottery
   c. knowing a lot of different kinds of people
   d. being in a job that has no possibilities for growth